§ 582.400

has been public disclosure of the conflict and a description of how the public disclosure was made: and

- (ii) For all recipients, an opinion of the recipient's attorney that the interest for which the exception is sought would not violate State or local law.
- (3) In determining whether to grant a requested exception after the recipient has satisfactorily met the requirement of paragraph (b)(2) of this section, HUD will consider the cumulative effect of the following factors, where applicable:
- (i) Whether the exception would provide a significant cost benefit or an essential degree of expertise to the project which would otherwise not be available;
- (ii) Whether the person affected is a member of a group or class of eligible persons and the exception will permit such person to receive generally the same interests or benefits as are being made available or provided to the group or class;
- (iii) Whether the affected person has withdrawn from his or her functions or responsibilities, or the decisionmaking process with respect to the specific assisted activity in question:
- (iv) Whether the interest or benefit was present before the affected person was in a position as described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section;
- (v) Whether undue hardship will result either to the recipient or the person affected when weighed against the public interest served by avoiding the prohibited conflict; and
- (vi) Any other relevant considerations.

[58 FR 13892, Mar. 15, 1993, as amended at 61 FR 5210, Feb. 9, 1996; 61 FR 51171, Sept. 30, 1996; 62 FR 13539, Mar. 21, 1997]

Subpart E—Administration

§ 582.400 Grant agreement.

(a) General. The grant agreement will be between HUD and the recipient. HUD will hold the recipient responsible for the overall administration of the program, including overseeing any subrecipients or contractors. Under the grant agreement, the recipient must agree to operate the program in accordance with the provisions of this part and other applicable HUD regulations.

(b) Enforcement. HUD will enforce the obligations in the grant agreement through such action as may be necessary, including recapturing assistance awarded under the program.

§582.405 Program changes.

- (a) Changes. HUD must approve, in writing, any significant changes to an approved program. Significant changes that require approval include, but are not limited to, a change in sponsor, a change in the project site for SRO or PRA with rehabilitation projects, and a change in the type of persons with disabilities to be served. Depending on the nature of the change, HUD may require a new certification of consistency with the CHAS (see §582.120).
- (b) Approval. Approval for such changes is contingent upon the application ranking remaining high enough to have been competitively selected for funding in the year the application was selected.

§ 582.410 Obligation and deobligation of funds.

- (a) Obligation of funds. When HUD and the applicant execute a grant agreement, HUD will obligate funds to cover the amount of the approved grant. The recipient will be expected to carry out the activities as proposed in the application. After the initial obligation of funds, HUD is under no obligation to make any upward revisions to the grant amount for any approved assistance.
- (b) Deobligation. (1) HUD may deobligate all or a portion of the approved grant amount if such amount is not expended in a timely manner, or the proposed housing for which funding was approved or the supportive services proposed in the application are not provided in accordance with the approved application, the requirements of this part, and other applicable HUD regulations. The grant agreement may set forth other circumstances under which funds may be deobligated, and other sanctions may be imposed.
- (2) HUD may readvertise, in a notice of fund availability, the availability of funds that have been deobligated, or may reconsider applications that were

submitted in response to the most recently published notice of fund availability and select applications for funding with the deobligated funds. Such selections would be made in accordance with the selection process described in §582.220 of this part. Any selections made using deobligated funds will be subject to applicable appropriation act requirements governing the use of deobligated funding authority.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 2506-0118)

PART 583—SUPPORTIVE HOUSING PROGRAM

Subpart A—General

Sec.

583.1 Purpose and scope.

583.5 Definitions.

Subpart B—Assistance Provided

583.100 Types and uses of assistance.

583.105 Grants for acquisition and rehabilitation.

583.110 Grants for new construction.

583.115 Grants for leasing.

583.120 Grants for supportive service costs.

583.125 Grants for operating costs.

583.130 Commitment of grant amounts for leasing, supportive services, and operating costs.

583.135 Administrative costs.

583.140 Technical assistance.

583.145 Matching requirements.

583.150 Limitations on use of assistance.

583.155 Consolidated plan.

Subpart C—Application and Grant Award Process

583.200 Application and grant award.

583.230 Environmental review.

583.235 Renewal grants.

Subpart D—Program Requirements

583.300 General operation.

583.305 Term of commitment; repayment of grants; prevention of undue benefits.

583.310 Displacement, relocation, and acquisition.

583.315 Resident rent.

583.320 Site control.

583.325 Nondiscrimination and equal opportunity requirements.

583.330 Applicability of other Federal requirements.

Subpart E—Administration

583.400 Grant agreement.

583,405 Program changes.

583.410 Obligation and deobligation of funds.

AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 11389 and 3535(d).

SOURCE: 58 FR 13871, Mar. 15, 1993, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General

§583.1 Purpose and scope.

- (a) General. The Supportive Housing Program is authorized by title IV of the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act (the McKinney Act) (42 U.S.C. 11381–11389). The Supportive Housing program is designed to promote the development of supportive housing and supportive services, including innovative approaches to assist homeless persons in the transition from homelessness, and to promote the provision of supportive housing to homeless persons to enable them to live as independently as possible.
- (b) *Components*. Funds under this part may be used for:
- (1) Transitional housing to facilitate the movement of homeless individuals and families to permanent housing;
- (2) Permanent housing that provides long-term housing for homeless persons with disabilities;
- (3) Housing that is, or is part of, a particularly innovative project for, or alternative methods of, meeting the immediate and long-term needs of homeless persons; or
- (4) Supportive services for homeless persons not provided in conjunction with supportive housing.

 $[58\ FR\ 13871,\ Mar.\ 15,\ 1993,\ as\ amended\ at\ 61\ FR\ 51175,\ Sept.\ 30,\ 1996]$

§ 583.5 Definitions.

As used in this part:

Applicant is defined in section 422(1) of the McKinney Act (42 U.S.C. 11382(1)). For purposes of this definition, governmental entities include those that have general governmental powers (such as a city or county), as well as those that have limited or special powers (such as public housing agencies).

Consolidated plan means the plan that a jurisdiction prepares and submits to HUD in accordance with 24 CFR part 91.